Consolidated Financial Statements of

THE SYNOD OF THE DIOCESE OF NIAGARA

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Bishop and the Members of The Synod of the Diocese of Niagara

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Synod of the Diocese of Niagara (the "Diocese"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at end of December 31, 2021
- · the consolidated statement of operations for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- · the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section of our auditors' report the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Diocese as at end of December 31, 2021, and its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Diocese derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of Diocese. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to:



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- the current assets reported in the consolidated statements of financial position as at end of December 31, 2021
- the fundraising revenues and excess of revenues over expenses reported in the consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2021
- the unrestricted net assets, at the beginning and end of the year, reported in the consolidated statements of changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2021
- the excess of revenues over expenses reported in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021

Our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Diocese in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Diocese's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Diocese or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Diocese's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Diocese's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Diocese's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Diocese to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Hamilton, Canada

KPMG LLP

June 16, 2022

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021	2020
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash (note 2)	\$	1,692,934	\$ 1,762,008
Short-term investments		16,483	16,441
Restricted cash (note 3)		99,337	83,566
Amounts receivable (note 4)		682,451	494,139
Other receivables		324,112	425,542
Prepaid expenses		31,206	63,075
Loans receivable (note 5)		320,692	469,083
		3,167,215	3,313,854
Investments (note 6)		6,458,645	5,294,360
Long-term receivables (note 7)		3,404,189	3,517,779
Capital assets (note 8)		2,228,326	2,315,448
	\$	15,258,375	\$ 14,441,441
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities:			
Deferred revenue	\$	45,247	\$ 25,431
Due to parishes		22,573	27,483
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 9)		1,252,110	1,345,916
Bank loans - special purposes (note 10)		165,441 1,485,371	398,552 1,797,382
		1,405,571	1,797,302
Supplemental insurance reserve (note 11)		669,046	756,875
Long-term liabilities (note 12)		164,818	246,281
		2,319,235	2,800,538
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets		2,228,326	2,315,448
Externally restricted (note 13(a))		2,250,376	2,136,777
Internally restricted (note 13(b))		4,388,221	3,931,262
General		4,072,217	3,257,416
Contingencies (note 19) COVID-19 (note 20)		12,939,140	11,640,903
COVID-19 (Hote 20)			
	\$	15,258,375	\$ 14,441,441
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statement	ents.		
On behalf of the Board:			
Director			Director

Consolidated Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021	2020
Revenue:			
Diocesan assessment	\$	2,839,258	\$ 2,569,605
Administrative fees and rental income	•	552,139	474,931
Government grants (note 20)		187,359	531,760
Bishop's Company		47,959	51,365
Canterbury Hills (note 14)		413,880	233,920
Programs		68,720	750
Sundry		156,732	156,508
Interest income		4,220	6,355
Investment income		681,078	340,662
Insurance premiums from parishes		1,184,459	986,238
Parish payroll		8,997,923	8,936,009
		15,133,727	14,288,103
Expenses:			
General and Provincial Synod		625,761	677,757
Programs: Congregational support and development		175,553	50,546
Ministry support		56,630	35,412
Outreach support		20,844	26,952
Operations:		20,044	20,932
Diocesan staff		1,450,433	1,582,945
Office administration, communication, and committees		292,157	340,622
Diocesan managed properties		288,030	284,814
Disestablished parish properties		89,720	167,656
Property staff		193,632	210,070
Other:		100,002	210,070
Parish subsidies		211,197	221,084
Depreciation		220,003	215,606
Bad debts (recovery)		5,549	46,060
Interest		160	237
Grants issued		91,378	104,668
Insurance		1,276,835	1,157,976
Parish payroll		8,997,923	8,936,009
Bishop's Company expenses		18,856	39,001
Canterbury Hills (note 14)		261,222	169,981
Total expenses		14,275,883	14,267,396
Excess of revenue over expenses before the undernoted		857,844	20,707
Gross proceeds on sale of properties (note 15)		392,600	4,194,593
Restricted gifts and bequests (note 16)		3,572	129,335
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	1,254,016	\$ 4,344,635

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Invested in capital assets	Externally restricted	Internally restricted	General fund	Total 2021
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,315,448	\$ 2,136,777	\$ 3,931,262	\$ 3,257,416	\$11,640,903
Excess of (expenses over revenue) revenue over expense	(220,003)	112,733	(58,704)	1,419,990	1,254,016
Inter-fund transfers: Net change in invested in capital assets Transfers between funds Insurance fund Employee future benefits (note 11)	132,881 - - -	_ 866 _ _	_ 477,208 38,455 _	(132,881) (478,074) (38,455) 44,221	- - - 44,221
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,228,326	\$ 2,250,376	\$ 4,388,221	\$ 4,072,217	\$12,939,140
	Invested in capital assets	Externally restricted	Internally restricted	General fund	Total 2020
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	\$ 2,477,325	\$ 2,089,397	\$ 3,904,507	\$ (1,112,925)	\$ 7,358,304
Excess of (expenses over revenue) revenue over expense	(215,606)	58,686	37,031	4,464,524	4,344,635
Inter-fund transfers: Net change in invested in capital assets Transfers between funds Insurance fund Employee future benefits (note 11)	53,729 - - -	_ (11,306) _ _	_ _ (10,276) _	(53,729) 11,306 10,276 (62,036)	- - - (62,036)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,315,448	\$ 2,136,777	\$ 3,931,262	\$ 3,257,416	\$11,640,903

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year Items not involving cash:	\$ 1,254,016	\$ 4,344,635
Change in supplemental insurance liability	(87,829)	57,408
Actuarial gain on supplemental insurance liability	44,221	(62,036)
Depreciation	193,543	187,876
Depreciation - Canterbury Hills	26,460	27,730
Increase in fair value of investments	(784,839)	(395,638)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Deferred revenue	19,816	25,431
Restricted cash	(15,771)	(32,201)
Amounts receivable	(188,312)	250,377
Other receivables	101,430	(223,696)
Prepaid expenses	31,869	26,824
Due to parishes	(4,910)	194
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(93,806)	400,621
	495,888	4,607,525
Financing:		
Changes in long-term liabilities	(81,463)	(67,413)
Repayment of bank loans - special purposes	(233,111)	(113,161)
	(314,574)	(180,574)
Investing:		
Purchase of capital assets	(129,659)	(44,985)
Purchase of capital assets, Canterbury Hills	(3,222)	(8,744)
Investment contributions	(587,430)	(124,336)
Investment withdrawals	207,984	104,668
Realized gain on investments, Canterbury Hills	_	8,744
Decrease in short-term investments	(42)	(291)
Decrease (increase) in long-term receivables	113,590	(2,308,437)
Collection (advances) of loans receivable	148,391	(117,370)
	(250,388)	(2,490,751)
(Decrease) increase in cash	(69,074)	1,936,200
Cash, beginning of year	1,762,008	(174,192)
Cash, end of year	\$ 1,692,934	\$ 1,762,008

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

The Synod of the Diocese of Niagara (the "Diocese") is a Christian community of faith that geographically encompasses the area of the Niagara Peninsula, Greater Hamilton, the Region of Halton and portions of Wellington and Dufferin Counties, and Haldimand County and which includes approximately 80 Anglican parishes (congregations). The governance of the Diocese is done through The Synod of the Diocese of Niagara which was incorporated by an act of the Provincial Government of Ontario, assented to on February 10, 1876 and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The Synod is comprised of the Bishop, clergy and designated representatives from each parish. The Bishop is the Chief Officer of the Diocese and, as such, provides oversight for the clergy and parishes who comprise the Diocese.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit entities in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook. These consolidated financial statements do not include the operations nor the assets and liabilities of the individual parishes.

From time to time, the Diocese assumes the management of the Church properties from parishes or congregations (former parish properties). This can occur when a church is closed; when a parish or congregation is disestablished or amalgamated with another parish or congregation; or, when the Diocesan Council deems such action necessary. If church properties are disposed of, the Diocese is responsible for any such resulting gain or loss.

These consolidated financial statements include the operations of Canterbury Hills. Canterbury Hills operates a summer camp during the summer months and provides conference services during the remainder of the year. The Camp and Conference Centre are located on Diocesan land and administrative and financial services are provided to Canterbury Hills by the Diocese.

(b) Fund accounting:

The Diocese follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The General Fund reports revenues and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities. All investment income is recorded in the General Fund.

The Restricted Fund reports resources contributed for which the use is restricted by the donors or management.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Revenue recognition:

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. If at the outset of the arrangement, the Diocese determines that collectability is not probable, the Diocese defers the revenue and recognizes the revenue when payment is received.

(d) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Diocese's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Land and buildings (churches, rectories, etc.), which are under the administration of the parishes, are not included in these financial statements.

Capital assets are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the assets on the straight-line basis at the following rates:

Asset	Basis
Buildings Building improvements Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	10 to 40 years 5 to 10 years 2 to 3 years 3 to 5 years 5 years

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Supplemental insurance benefits:

The Diocese provides its active members and retirees with a life insurance benefit of \$10,000 for active members and \$8,000 for retirees. The Diocese maintains funds within their investments to fund the obligation. These funds are held by the Diocese and not as a segregated trust. As a result, these funds and the related investment income are not included in the actuarial valuation and subsequent extrapolations. Active clergy employees contribute at a rate of \$6.67 and lay staff contribute at a rate of \$2.50 to the fund per employee per pay cycle.

The Diocese accrues its obligation using the accrued benefit method. The measurement date of the obligation coincides with the year end of the Diocese. The most recent full actuarial valuation was December 31, 2021.

Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in the actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The accrued benefit obligation and current service costs for these plans are recognized using the accrued benefit method pro-rated on service, and income is charged with the cost of the benefits in the years in which the employees render the service which gives them the right to receive such benefits. Remeasurement and other items are recognized as a direct increase (decrease) in net assets and are not reclassified to the statement of operations in subsequent periods.

(f) Contributed services:

Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Diocese has not elected to carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred and are offset with investment income in the Statement of Operations. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Diocese determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Diocese expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amounts due from parishes, loans receivables, long-term receivables and obligations related to supplemental insurance benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Cash, bank overdraft and short-term investments:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, bank overdrafts and short-term investments in money market or other short term instruments with maturity of less than 90 days.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

2. Cash and bank indebtedness:

The Diocese considers deposits in banks and certificates of deposit as cash. The Diocese has a revolving demand line of credit with interest calculated at 1.3% per annum. There was no bank indebtedness balance as at December 31, 2021 (2020 - \$nil). The limit on the line of credit was \$1,500,000 (2020 - \$2,250,000) as at December 31, 2021.

3. Restricted cash:

Restricted cash consists of funds received on behalf of parishes and funds received for the direct benevolent work of the Bishop.

4. Amounts receivable:

Amounts receivable from parishes consist of:

	2021	2020
Diocesan Mission and Ministries due from parishes Insurance Payroll due from parishes Other Provision for doubtful accounts	\$ 577,381 31,752 38,238 99,905 (64,825)	\$ 599,035 422 16,647 7,935 (129,900)
	\$ 682,451	\$ 494,139

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

5. Loans receivable:

Loans receivable are comprised as follows:

(a) Emergency Loans:

Emergency loans totaling \$150,531 (2020 - \$150,531) represent funds loaned to parishes for COVID-19 related expenses. Each parish can apply for a loan up to \$10,000. Sixteen parishes have utilized this loan.

(b) Church Extension:

Church extension loans totaling \$145,441 (2020 - \$308,552) represent funds loaned to parishes for land, buildings and additions. The Diocese has borrowed money that has been re-loaned to the parishes to finance these church extension projects.

(c) Employee Loans:

Employee loans totaling \$4,719 (2020 - \$nil) are bridging loans advanced to employees to cover EI processing time, which usually takes about 4-6 weeks. These are normally clawed back from employees upon receipt of EI payments. Only employees on authorized sick leave are eligible to access this loan.

6. Investments:

Investments are comprised as follows:

	2021	2020
Mutual and pooled funds	\$ 6,458,645 \$	5,294,360

Investments include \$699,046 (2020 - \$756,875) set aside to fund the supplemental insurance benefits (see note 11).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

7. Long-term receivables:

Parish	2021			2020
Parish operating debt:				
St. Luke, Hamilton	\$	177,515	\$	177,515
Cathedral Place, Hamilton	•	104,039	•	196,039
All Saints, Hamilton		45,511		45,511
St. John's Rockwood		87,941		87,941
Holy Trinity, Fonthill		61,196		67,196
St. Paul, Caledonia		98,185		73,220
St. John the Evangelist, Niagara Falls		64,691		70,691
Holy Trinity, Hamilton		8,280		29,191
Grace Church, Arthur		36,808		36,808
All Saints, Welland		27,167		29,567
St. Alban's, Grand Valley		_		3,076
Various disestablished parishes		24,905		24,905
·		736,238		841,660
Parish mortgages and loans:		,		,
St. Luke's Palermo		138,983		144,899
Church of the Incarnation, Oakville		78,968		81,220
·		217,951		226,119
Vendor take back mortgages:		,		-, -
2601265 Ontario Inc.		1,700,000		1,700,000
2706703 Ontario Inc.		750,000		750,000
		2,450,000		2,450,000
Total	\$	3,404,189	\$	3,517,779

The amounts due from parishes are unsecured with no fixed terms of repayment and do not bear any interest with the exception of St. Luke's Palermo and Church of the Incarnation. St. Luke's Palermo is unsecured and bears interest at a 4% fixed rate with repayments of \$967 per month due April 1, 2028. Church of the Incarnation is unsecured, has no fixed terms of repayment and bears interest at prime plus 0.25% charged monthly.

2601265 Ontario Inc. is a mortgage that bears interest at a 4% fixed rate with no repayments until the maturity date of January 16, 2023.

2706703 Ontario Inc. is a mortgage that bears interest at a 3% fixed rate with interest only monthly repayments of \$1,875 until June 20, 2022. Thereafter, the loan will bear interest at a 4% fixed rate with interest only monthly repayments of \$2,500 until the maturity date of November 20, 2025.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

8. Capital assets:

					2021
			Accumulated		Net book
		Cost	amortization		value
Land					
Canterbury Hills	\$	35,749	\$ -	\$	35,749
Buildings	*	00,1.10	•	Ψ.	33,113
Palermo Community Centre		2,496,163	622,872		1,873,291
Leasehold improvements		1,160,452	1,156,288		4,164
Canterbury Hills		564,407	477,722		86,685
Building improvements		765,979	586,865		179,114
Computer equipment		297,556	284,787		12,769
Furniture and fixtures		169,674	133,120		36,554
Vehicles		15,370	15,370		_
	Φ.	F 505 050	Φ 0.077.004	Φ.	0.000.000
	\$	5,505,350	\$ 3,277,024	\$	2,228,326
					2020
			Accumulated		Net book
		Cost	amortization		value
Land			_	_	
Canterbury Hills	\$	35,749	\$ –	\$	35,749
Buildings		0.406.460	400.064		1 000 000
Palermo Community Centre Leasehold improvements		2,496,163 1,160,452	498,064 1,155,614		1,998,099
Canterbury Hills		561,186	451,261		4,838 109,925
Building improvements		703,561	545,208		158,353
Computer equipment		273,582	269,300		4,282
Furniture and fixtures		126,406	122,204		4,202
Vehicles		15,370	15,370		-,202
	\$	5,372,469	\$ 3,057,021	\$	2,315,448
	Ψ	5,512,409	ψ 3,031,021	Ψ	2,313,440

Included in Palermo is a cost recovery of \$257,858 relating to construction costs incurred by the Diocese on behalf of and repaid by the long-term care centre on the premises, a contribution by the parish to the construction costs and hydro permit refunds.

9. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

There are no government remittances payable included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, including payroll related taxes, for 2021 (2020 - \$nil).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

10. Bank loans - special purposes:

		2021		2020
Loans obtained on behalf of parishes, due on demand, bearing interest at prime plus 0.25%, maturing from 2016 to 2028, with minimum annual repayments of \$24,931	\$	145,441	\$	157,052
With Hillimann annual repayments of \$2 1,50 1	Ψ	110,111	Ψ	101,002
Loan obtained on behalf of parish, due on demand, bearing Interest at prime plus 0.25%, maturing 2031, annual repayments of \$25,296. Loan was fully repaid in 2021		_		151,500
repayments of \$20,200. Isan mas faily repair in 2021				101,000
Other special purpose loans for parish renovations and				
extensions, due on demand, bearing interest at prime plus 0.25%, with a minimum annual repayment of \$70,000		20,000		90,000
	\$	165,441	\$	398,552
Principal repayments over the next five years are as follows:				
2022			\$	44,931
2023			•	24,931
2024				24,931
2025				24,931
2026				45,717
			\$	165,441

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

11. Supplemental insurance benefits:

The Diocese self-insures certain life insurance benefits for current and retired employees. Current employees are entitled to \$10,000 if actively employed at the time of death and retirees are entitled to \$8,000 upon death. If a current employee leaves the Diocese before retirement their benefit is forfeited.

The Diocese measures its benefit obligation for accounting purposes based on the most recent actuarial valuation which was as at December 31, 2021. The obligation estimate is reviewed annually, and a full actuarial valuation is completed every three years.

	2021	2020
Change in benefit obligation:		
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 756,875 \$	699,466
Actuarial (gain) loss	(44,221)	62,036
Interest costs	26,392	27,373
Benefit payments	(40,000)	(32,000)
Benefit obligation, end of year	\$ 699,046 \$	756,875

12. Long-term liabilities:

Included in long-term liabilities is \$91,503 (2020 - \$172,966) relating to the Residential Schools Healing Fund. In consultation with the Anglican Church of Canada, the Diocese has renewed its commitment to the work of truth, reconciliation and indigenous ministries. These funds are held in a Diocesan investment fund designated for this purpose.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

13. Restricted fund balances:

a) Major categories of fund balances with externally imposed restrictions are as follows:

	2021	2020
Theological education Episcopal support Other Mission work Youth and children's work Canterbury Hills	\$ 409,298 \$347,333 373,439 151,803 15,000 953,503	\$ 409,298 347,333 373,439 151,803 15,000 839,904
	\$ 2,250,376	\$ 2,136,777

These fund balances represent the value of funds received less drawings over time.

b) Major categories of fund balances with internally imposed restrictions are as follows:

	2021		2020
New church development from parish proceeds	\$ 2,105,802	\$ 2	2,166,936
Parish sale proceeds	748,472		748,472
Legal reserve fund	370,000		_
Residential schools fund	128,963		199,268
Closed parishes	208,556		258,556
Girls' Friendly Society / Holiday House fund	172,158		172,158
Church insurance fund	163,938		125,483
Church planting reserve fund	100,000		_
Property renewal reserve fund	100,000		_
Minnie Easter estate	41,356		41,356
Investment review fund	38,744		38,744
Stephen Hopkins leadership fund	89,627		117,299
Other	16,625		16,626
Dorothy Elizabeth Roberts' estate	8,365		8,365
E. Ferres	7,115		7,115
Paul Austin Moore estate	6,000		6,000
Canon D. Ricketts bursary fund	8,000		7,000
William Aspel legacy fund	5,000		5,000
Canterbury Hills	520		520
Bishop's Company	68,980		12,364
	\$ 4,388,221	\$ 3	3,931,262

The use of these funds is governed by the restrictions set by the donee, as applicable.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

14. Canterbury Hills:

	2021	2020
Revenues:		
Canterbury Hills (unrestricted)	\$ 301,147 \$	175,234
Canterbury Hills (externally restricted)	112,733	58,686
	\$ 413,880 \$	233,920
Expenses:		
Canterbury Hills (unrestricted)	\$ 261,222 \$	169,981
Canterbury Hills (externally restricted)	_	_
	\$ 261,222 \$	169,981

15. Gross proceeds on sale of properties:

Gross proceeds on the sale of properties in 2021 includes proceeds from the sale of Nelles Street, Haldimand – Cemetery and Nelles Street, Haldimand – Sidewalk (2020 – proceeds from the sale of Speedvale Avenue East, Guelph, Main Street North, Grand Valley – Parking Lot, Main Street North, Grand Valley – Parish, Grantham Avenue, St. Catharines as well as the Dundas Street West, Oakville - Road Allowance).

		2021	2020
Nelles Street, Haldimand – Cemetery	\$	375,000 \$	-
Nelles Street, Haldimand – Sidewalk		17,600	_
Speedvale Avenue East, Guelph		· –	2,200,143
Main Street North, Grand Valley - Parking Lot		_	75,000
Main Street North, Grand Valley – Parish		_	375,000
Grantham Avenue, St. Catharines		_	1,500,000
Dundas Street West, Oakville -Road Allowance		_	44,450
	\$	302 600 \$	4.194.593
	Ψ	JJZ,000 4	7,194,393

16. Restricted gifts and bequests:

Restricted gifts in 2021 totaled \$3,572 (2020 - \$129,355) which consists of donations of \$3,572 (2020 - \$84,665) and no unrealized investment income (2020 - \$44,670). These relate to gifts to the Canon D. Ricketts Bursary fund and the Stephen Hopkins Leadership fund. The funds are held within the Diocesan investments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

17. Parish funds:

- a) From time to time, parishes deposit funds through the Diocese for investment purposes. The funds are not reflected in the financial statements of the Diocese. The capital and income earned thereon remain the property of the contributing parish. At December 31, 2021, the fair market value of the parish, Diocese, and Anglican Church Ministries Foundation funds invested through the Diocese amounted to \$54,554,866 (2020 \$47,321,828).
- b) The Diocese is affiliated with the Anglican Church Ministries Foundation (the "Foundation") by virtue of their joint control by Synod Council. The Foundation was established to raise funds for the use of the Diocese and its Bishop in their mission work. The Foundation is incorporated by an act of the Provincial Government of Ontario, assented to on January 1, 1999 and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. At December 31, 2021, the Foundation held net assets in the amount of approximately \$28.4 million (2020 \$24.7 million), the benefit of which will accrue to the Diocese and some of its affiliates in the future.

Investment administration fees of \$27,500 (2020 - \$25,000) were charged by the Diocese to the Foundation and have been included in Administrative fees and rental income on the Statement of Operations.

18. Financial instruments:

(a) Currency risk:

The Diocese is exposed to financial risks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations and the volatility of these rates. In the normal course of business, the Diocese purchases investments denominated in foreign currencies. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2020.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Diocese will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Diocese manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Diocese prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2020.

(c) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Diocese is exposed to credit risk with respect to the amounts due from parishes, loans receivable, and long-term receivables. The Diocese assesses, on a continuous basis, these balances and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2020.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

18. Financial instruments (continued):

(d) Interest rate risk:

The Diocese's long-term debt has a variable interest rate based on prime. As a result, the Diocese is exposed to interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prime rate. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2020.

(e) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk.

The Diocese's investment activities involve investments in mutual funds which are monitored by an investment committee as well as management. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2020.

19. Contingencies:

The Diocese issues letters of guarantee through its financial institution to provide guarantees to certain parishes. Outstanding letters of guarantee amount to \$51,697 (2020 - \$51,697).

20. COVID-19:

On March 11, 2020 COVID-19 was declared a pandemic which has resulted in governments worldwide, including the Canadian and Ontario governments, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures have caused material disruption to businesses globally and in Ontario resulting in an economic slowdown. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions however the success of these interventions is not currently determinable. The current challenging economic climate had a direct impact on the Diocese's operating results and financial position in the future. Specific to the Diocese, there is a risk pertaining to defaults on Parish loans and permanent and adverse effects of the stock market negatively impacting the fair value of the investments. The Diocese experienced an increase in revenue to pre-COVID-19 levels as Covid -19 restrictions were relaxed and the economy opened. The Diocese extended a \$250,000 Diocesan assessment rebate to some parishes whose revenues were adversely impacted by Covid-19. The temporary increase to the line of credit by \$750,000 was allowed to expire in December 2020 without being renewed in 2021. The Diocese sold some vacant properties for additional funding. The Government of Canada has introduced measures to support organizations experiencing financial challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic and to support employment and rent. As at December 31, 2021, the Diocese assessed its eligibility related to the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") and recorded the expected recoverable amount as income. The Diocese recognized \$180,754 (2020 - \$531,760) from CEWS.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

21. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.